



# MacroRank: Ranking Macro Placement Solutions Leveraging Translation Equivariancy

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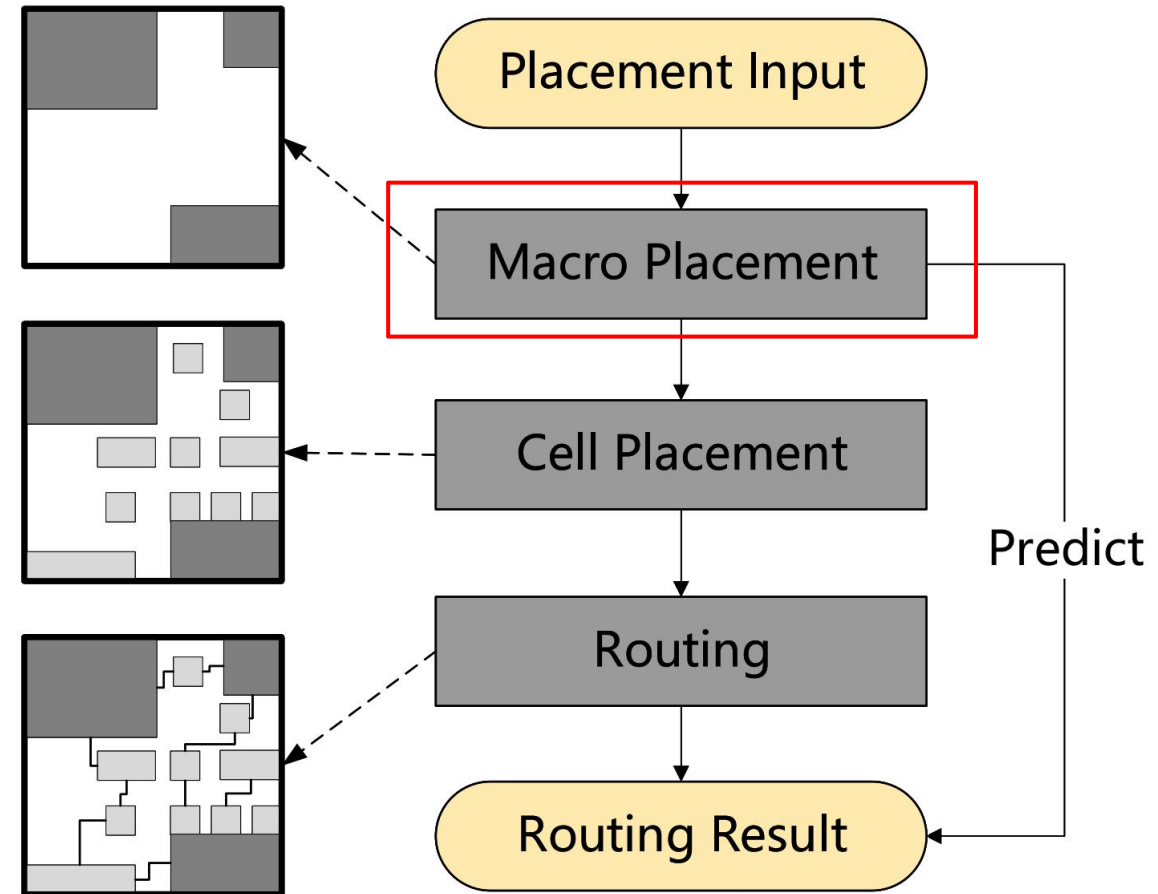
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# Introduction: Placement & Routing Flow

- Macro position: high impact
- Entire flow: time consuming



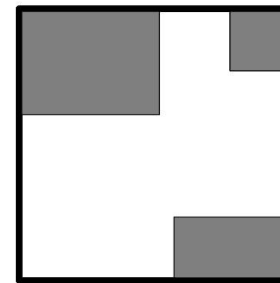
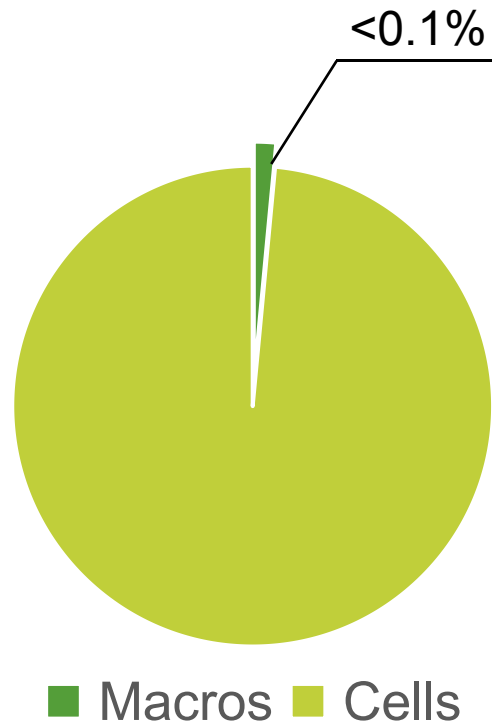
- Early prediction of routing performance at the macro placement stage



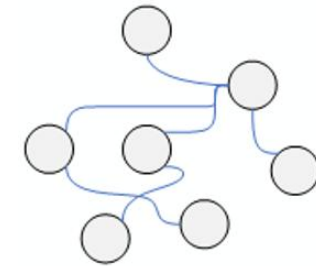
High demand !

# Introduction: Challenges

- Only know the position of macros
- How to combine geometry and interconnection information



Position



Netlist

# Introduction: Related Works

	Model	Geometry Info	Interconnection Info	Pin Info	Loss
Huang et al.	CNN	Image	×	√	MSLE
Mirhoseini et al.	GNN	Coordinate	√	×	MSE
Ours	GNN	Relative Coordinate	√	√	Ranking Loss

# Introduction: Contribution

- **MacroRank** framework: rank macro placement solutions by routing quality
- **EHNN**: translation equivariant, extract both netlist and macro location information
- **Learning to Rank (LTR)**: learn the relative order of macro placement solutions
- Better performance than the SOTA model
  - Improve the Kendall rank correlation coefficient by **49.5%**.
  - Improve the average performance of top-30 prediction by **8.1%**, **2.3%**, and **10.6%** on wirelength, vias, and shorts, respectively

# Preliminary: Problem Formulation

- Input: Macro Position, Netlist
- Output: Score
- Target: **Order-preserving**

- Global Routing Metrics:

- ICCAD2019 Contest
- WL, #Vias, #Shorts

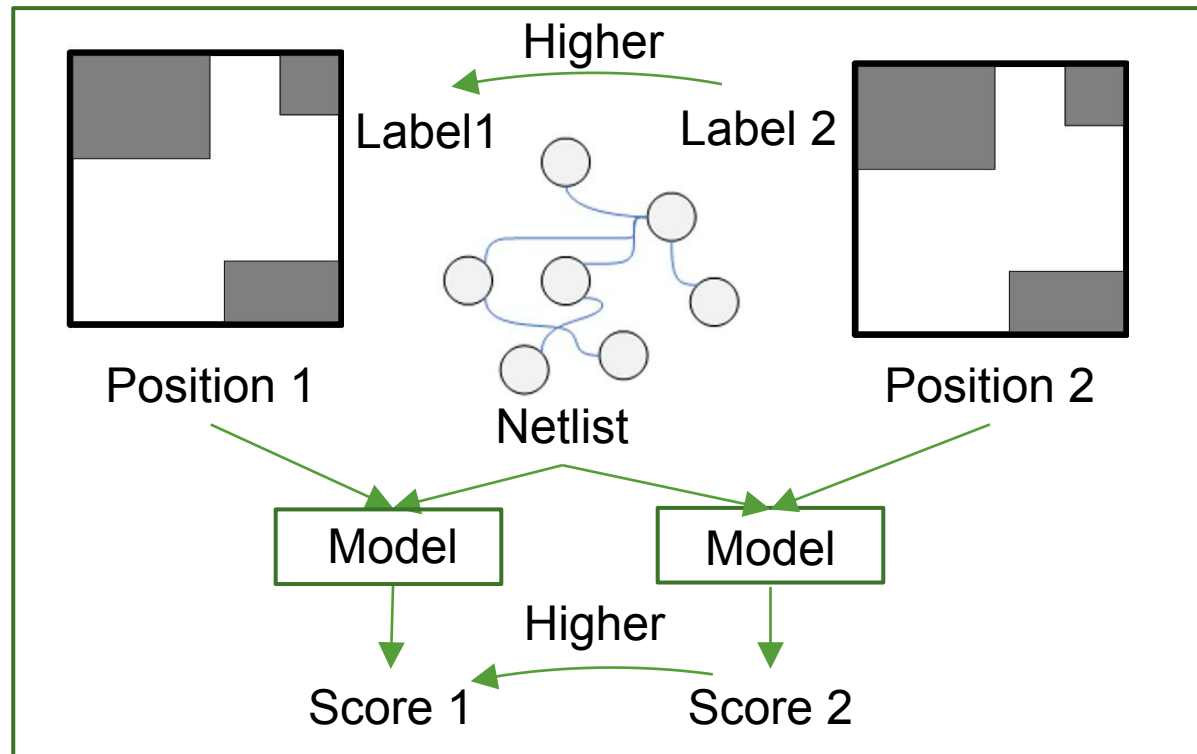
- Prediction Accuracy Metrics:

- Mean Relative Error

$$MRE = \left| \frac{y_{pred} - y_{label}}{y_{label}} \right|$$

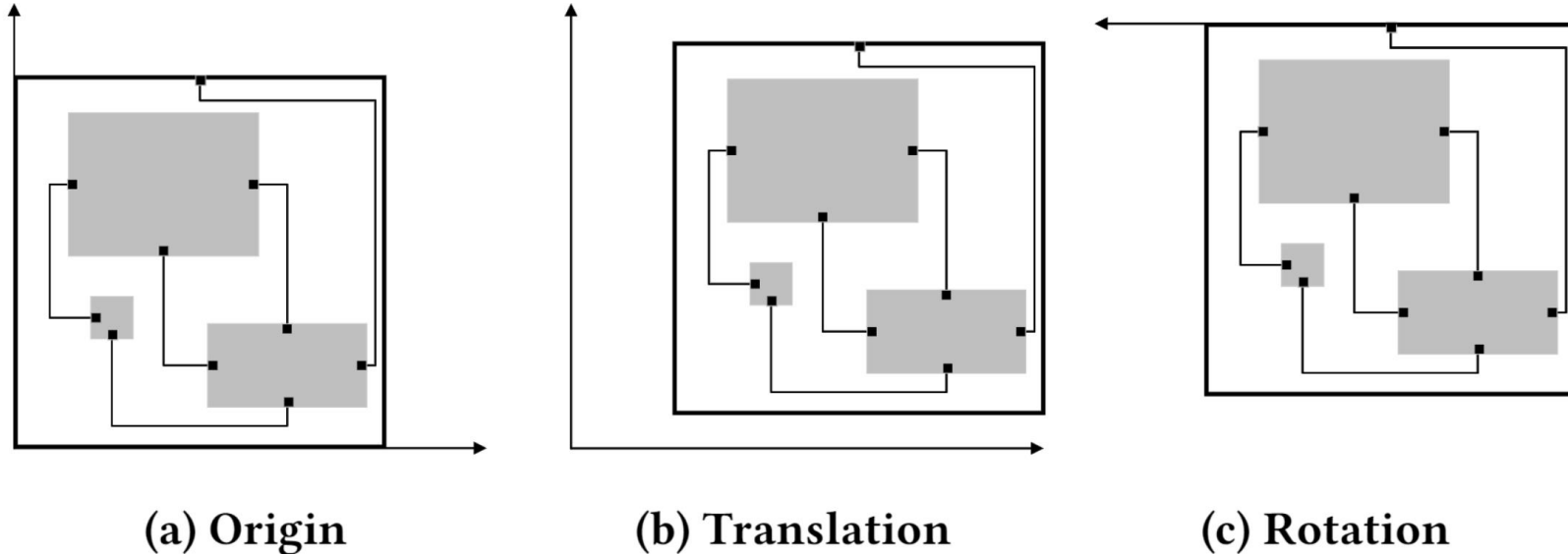
- Kendall's correlation coefficient

$$\tau = \frac{n_{concordant} - n_{discordant}}{\frac{1}{2}n(n-1)}$$



# Preliminary: Equivariance

## ➤ Rigid body transformation



## ➤ Will not affect the optimal solutions of placement and routing

– **E(2)-equivariance**

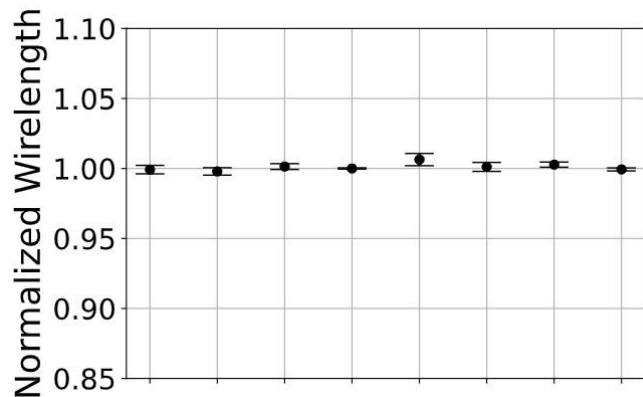
## ➤ But in practice, only **suboptimal** solutions can be found

Do equivariance  
really hold ?

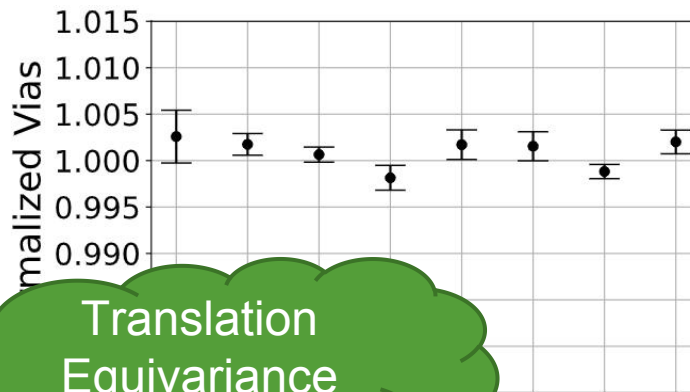
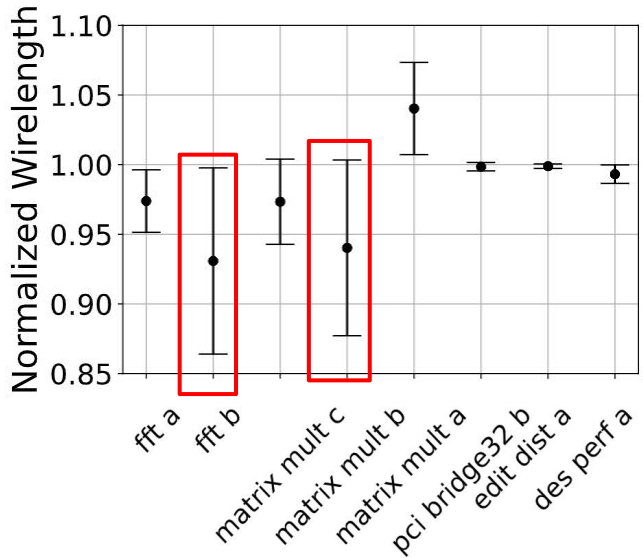
# Preliminary: Equivariance

DREAMPlace + CU.GR

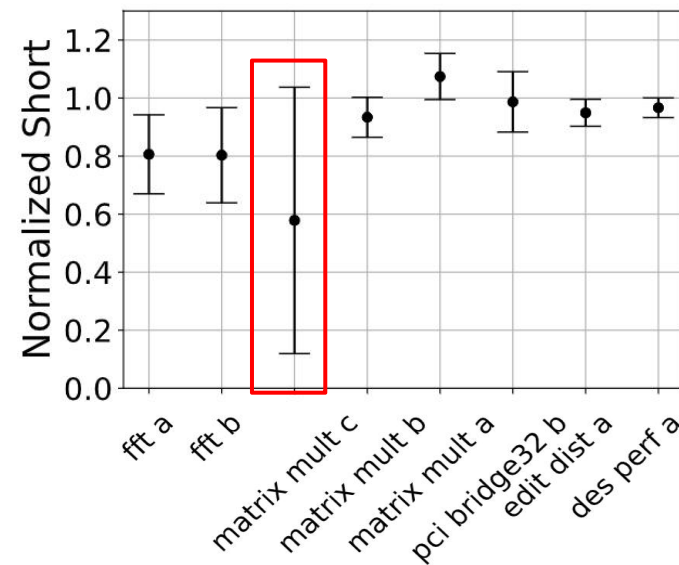
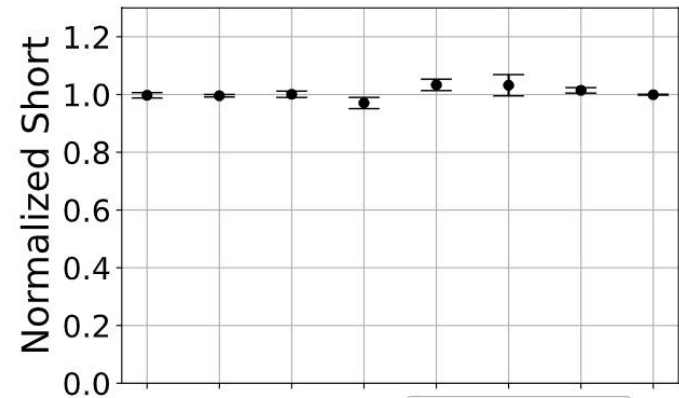
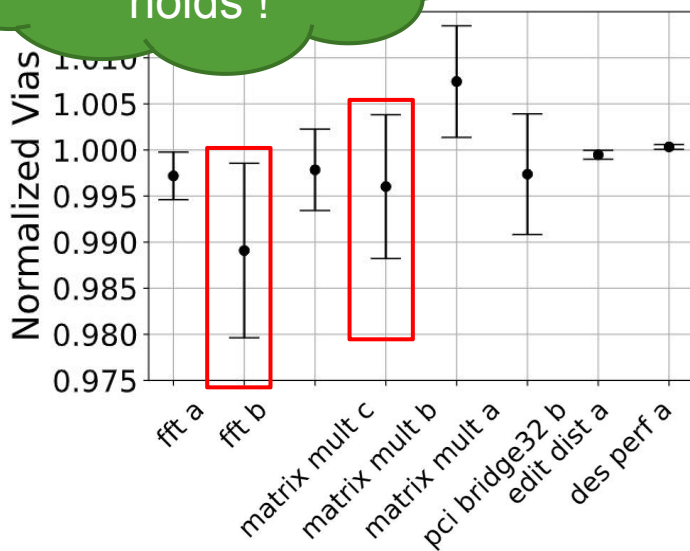
Translation



Rotation  
&  
Reflection



Translation  
Equivariance  
holds !



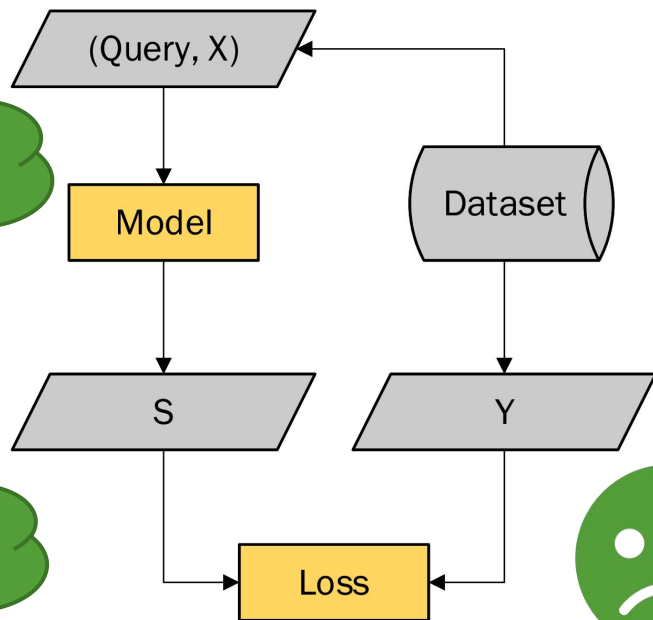


# Preliminary: Learning to Rank (LTR)

- **Pairwise LTR**: Given a pair of samples, predict which is better
  - Need a scoring function  $f$ , takes sample  $X$  as input and outputs a score  $s$
  - If  $s_i > s_j$ , then  $X_i$  is better than  $X_j$

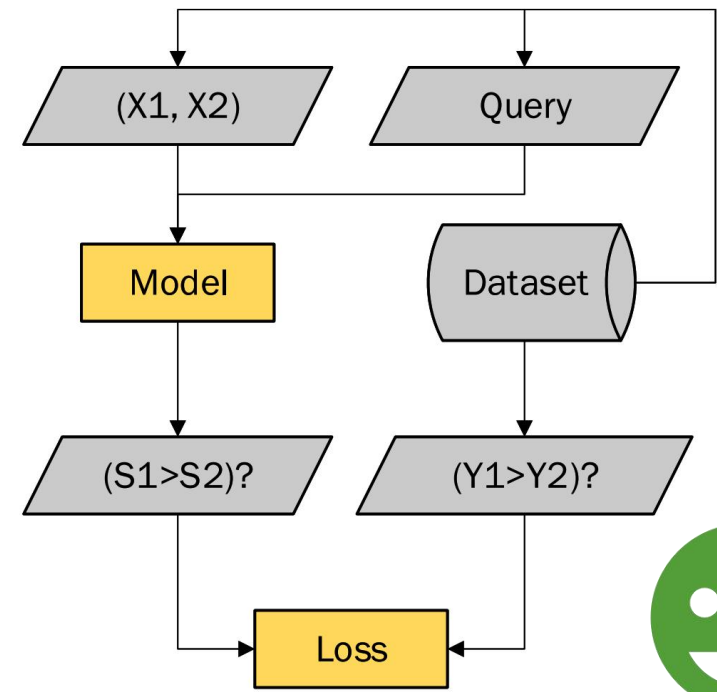
Too many  
black boxes !

Do not need  
exact value !



**Regression**

Hard  
Not needed

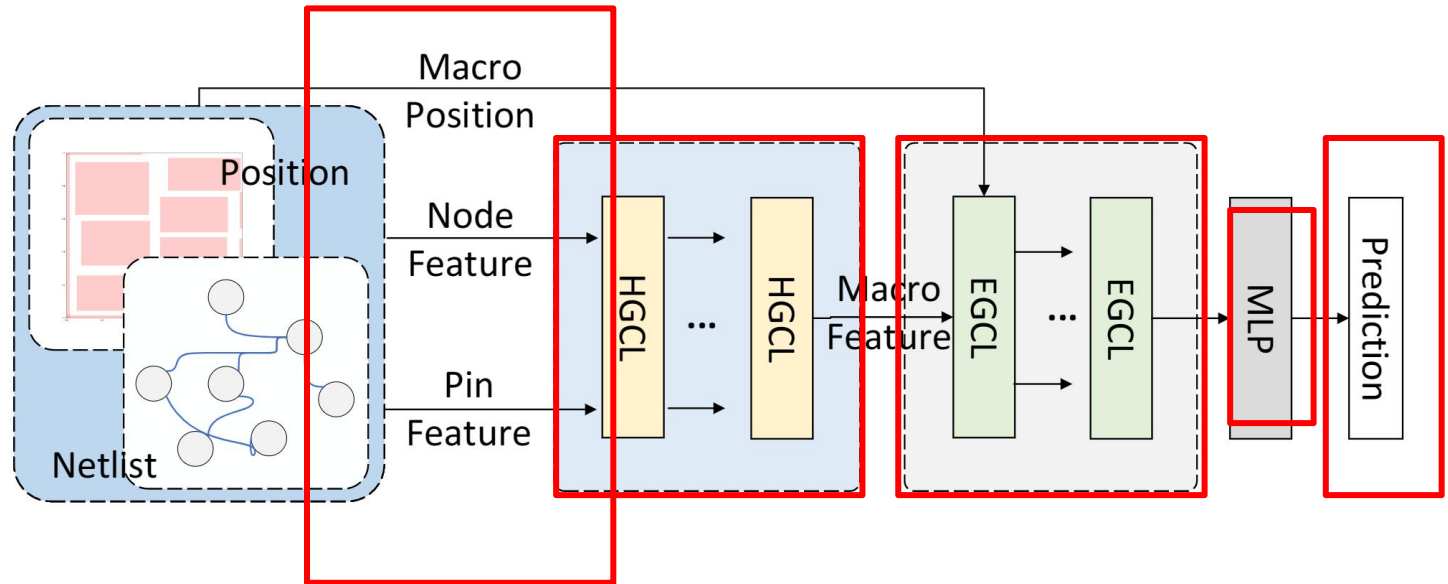


**Pairwise LTR**

Easier  
What we want

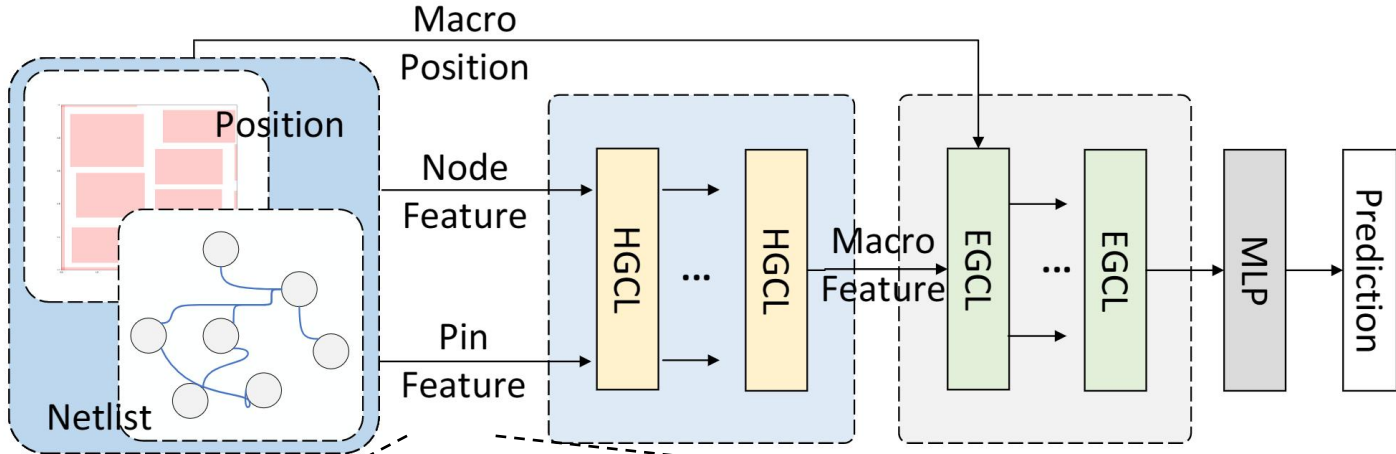
10 MacroRank: Architecture

➔ EHNN



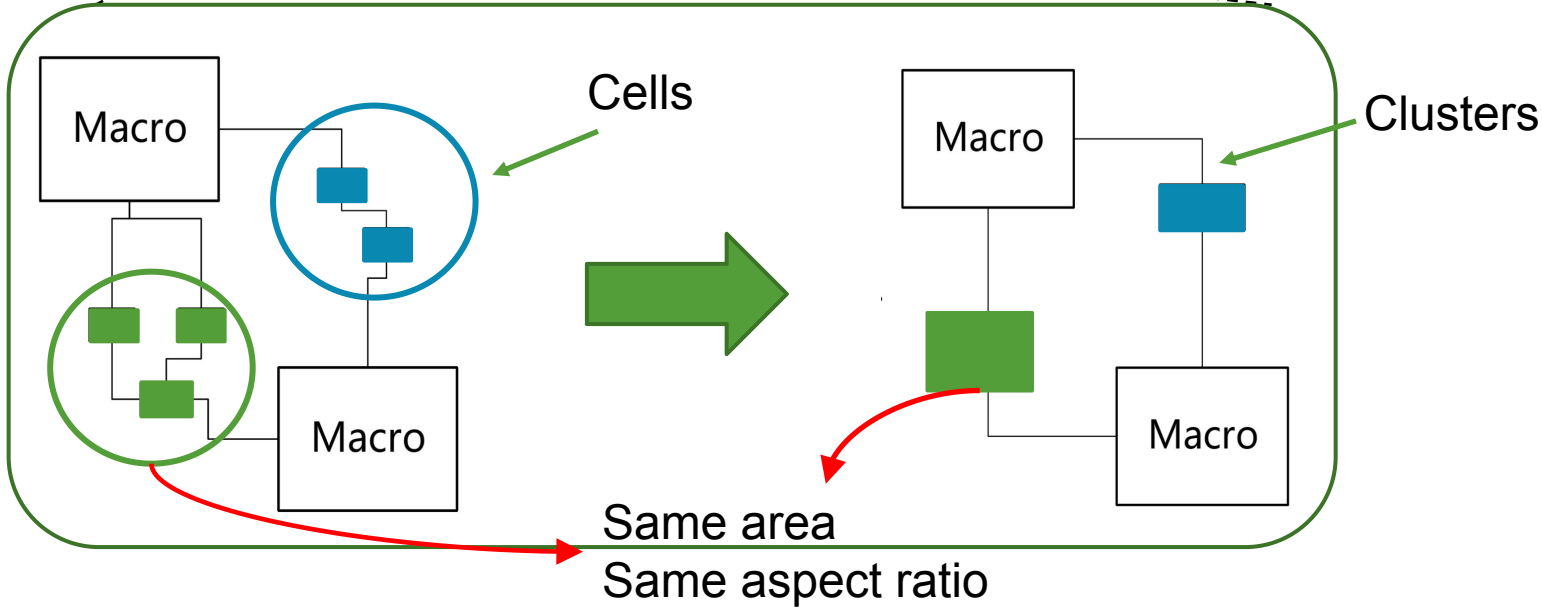
# MacroRank: Clustering

## EHNN



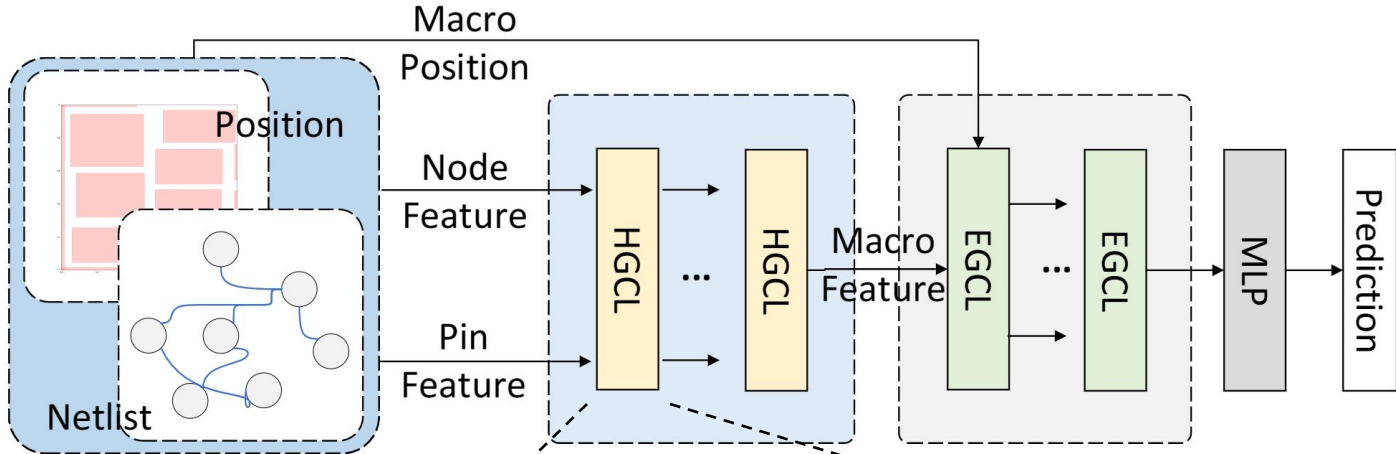
## Cell Clustering

- Netlist too large
- Few macros
- hMETIS



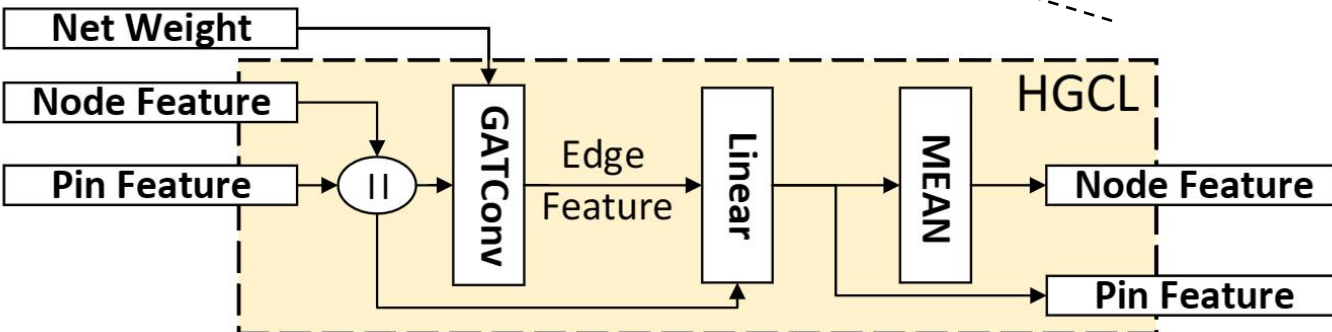
# MacroRank: HGCL

➤ EHNN



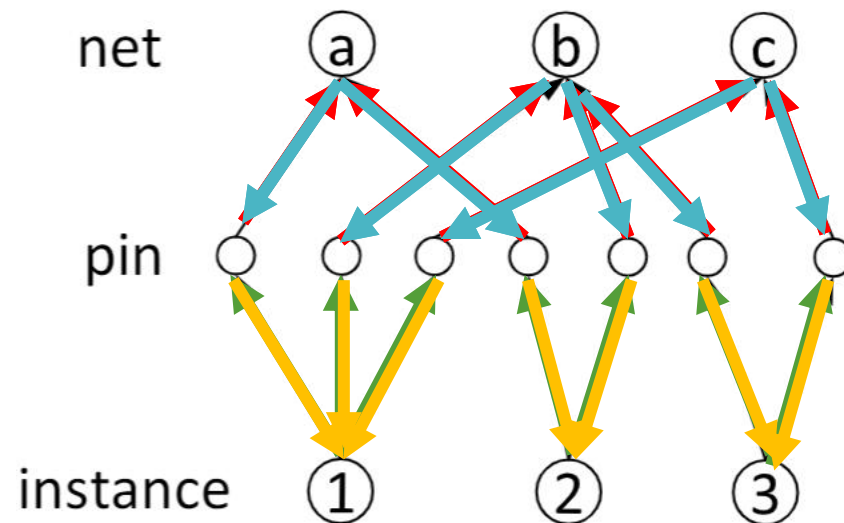
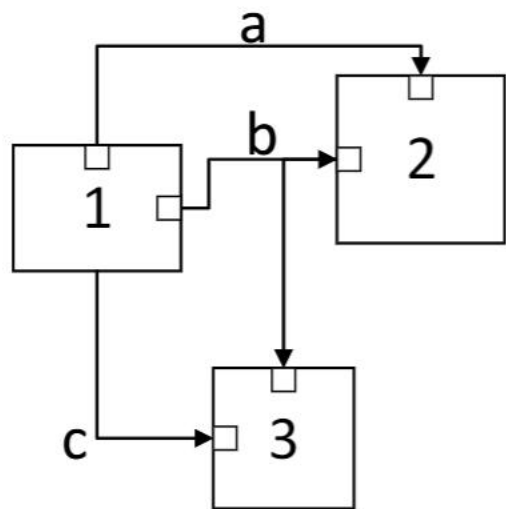
➤ HGCL

— Netlist encoding layer



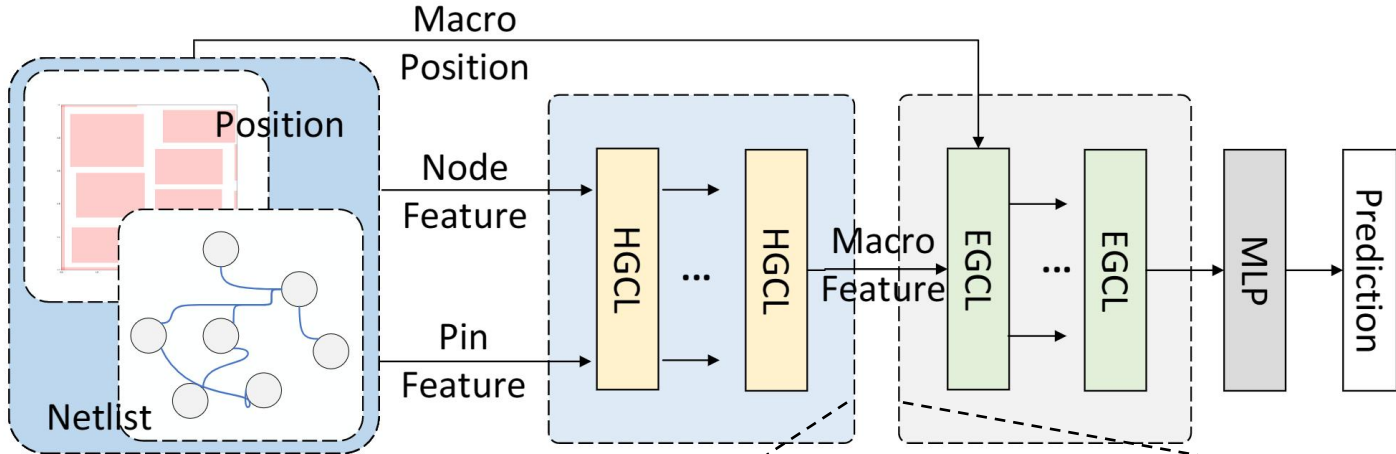
# MacroRank: HGCL

- Modeling netlist as a tripartite graph.
- Two stage message passing:
  - Instance to pin (Concatenation), pin to net (GAT)
  - Net to pin (Linear), pin to instance (MEAN)



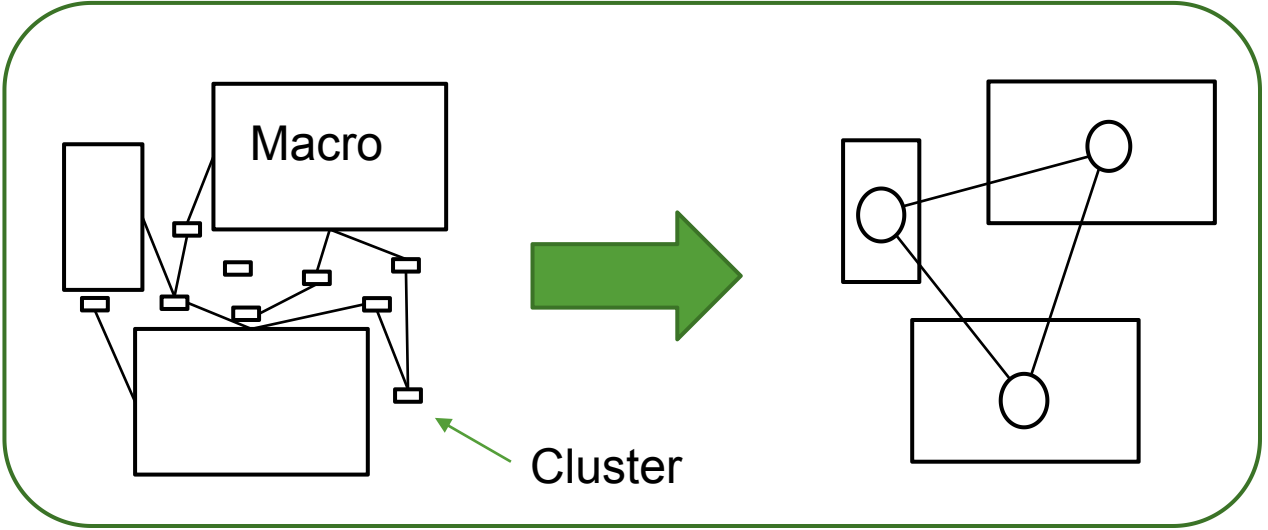
# MacroRank: EGCL

## EHNN



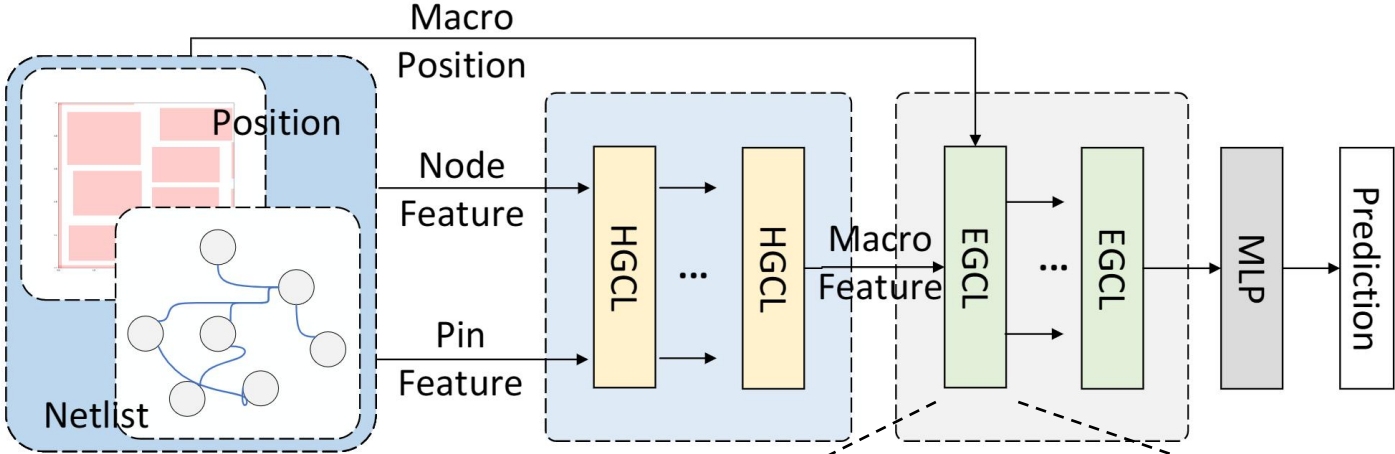
## From netlist to macro only graph

- Remove all clusters
- Connect to K nearest neighbors.



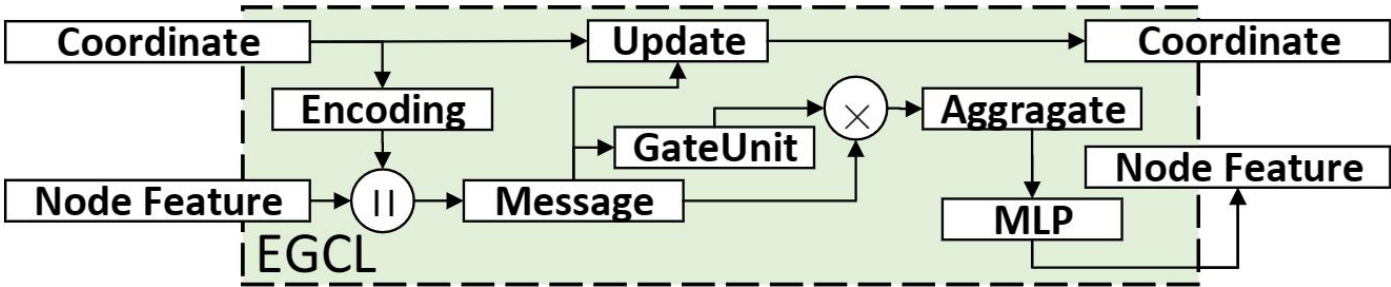
# MacroRank: EGCL

## EHNN



## EGCL

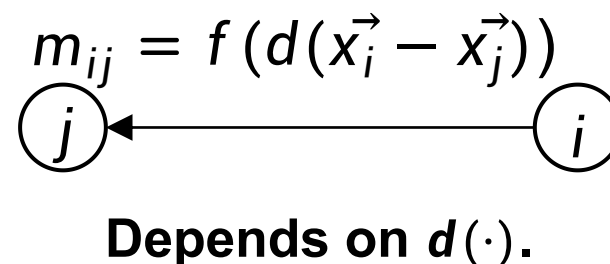
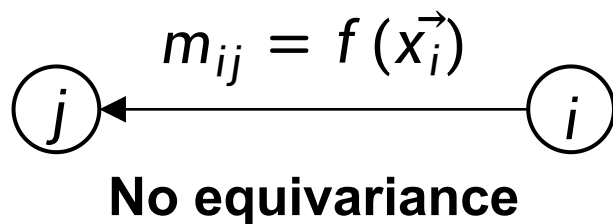
- Translation Equivariant
- Position encoding layer



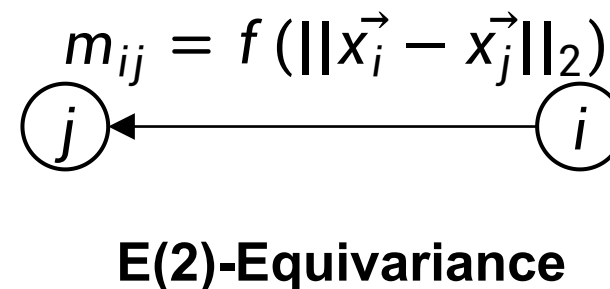
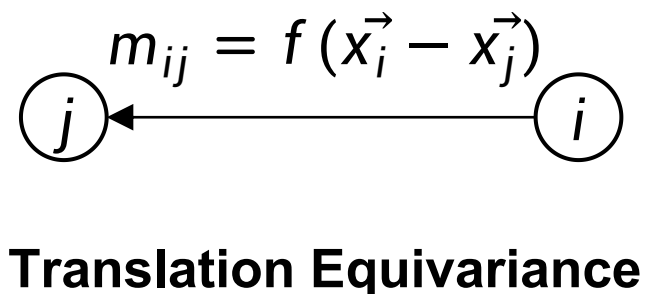
# MacroRank: EGCL

## ► Translation equivariant neighborhood message passing

- Directly pass  $x_i$ , no equivariance.
- Pass  $d(x_i - x_j)$ , depends on encoding function  $d(\cdot)$ .



## ► For example,





# MacroRank: EGCL

## Position encoding

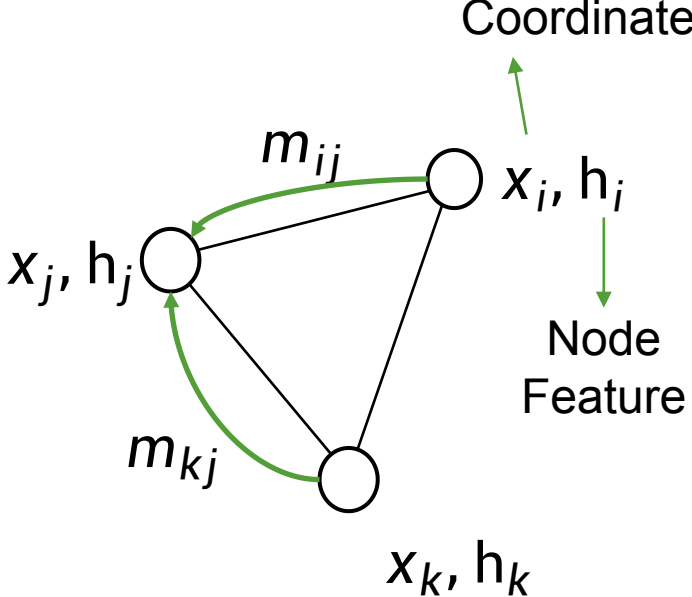
$$m_{ij} = \Phi(h_i, h_j, PE_n(\vec{x}_i - \vec{x}_j))$$

where

$$PE_n = \begin{bmatrix} \sin \pi \|\vec{x}_i - \vec{x}_j\|_2 & \dots \\ \sin 2^n \pi \|\vec{x}_i - \vec{x}_j\|_2 & \dots \\ \cos \pi \|\vec{x}_i - \vec{x}_j\|_2 & \dots \\ \cos 2^n \pi \|\vec{x}_i - \vec{x}_j\|_2 & \dots \end{bmatrix}$$

E(2)-equivariant

Translation equivariant



Translation Equivariant

Sensitive to small position changes.

# MacroRank: Pairwise Rank Loss

- Predicted probability of  $x_i > x_j$ :

$$P(x_i > x_j) = \text{Sigmoid}(s_i - s_j)$$

- Weighted binary cross-entropy loss:

$$L_{ij} = \log\{1 + \exp(s_j - s_i)\} |\Delta Z_{ij}|$$

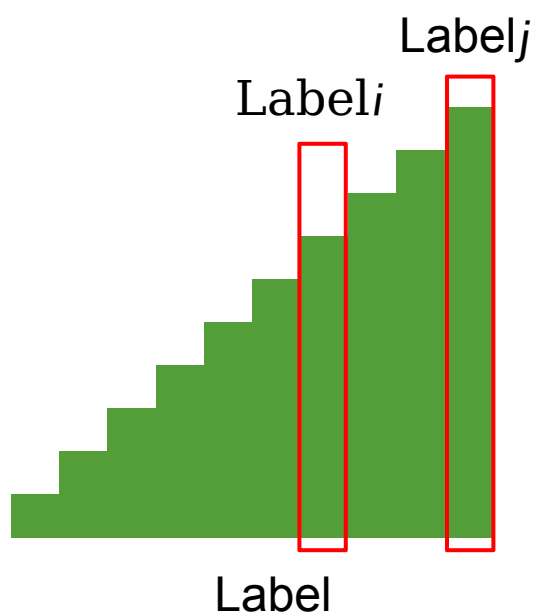
- Final loss function:

$$\text{Loss} = \sum_{\text{design pair } (i,j)} \sum L_{ij}$$

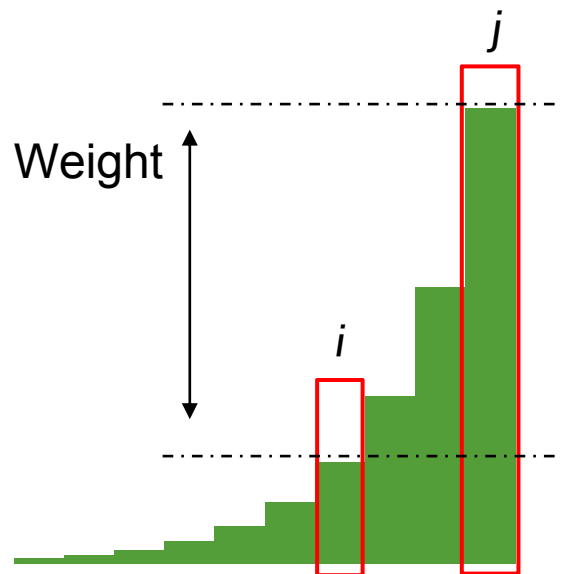
# MacroRank: Pairwise Rank Loss

- Weighting coefficient  $\Delta Z_{ij}$  : focus on the samples with higher rank

$$\Delta Z_{ij} = \text{Softmax}(y_i^{label}) - \text{Softmax}(y_j^{label}) = \frac{\exp y_i}{\sum_p \exp y_p} - \frac{\exp y_j}{\sum_p \exp y_p}$$



➔ Softmax



- Higher rank, greater weight
- Larger difference, greater weight

# Experiment: Dataset

## Dataset:

- 12 designs in **ISPD 2015** benchmark, free all macros.
- Placed by **DREAMPlace**, perturb the result in macro legalization stage.
- Global Routing: **CU. GR**
- Divided to 2 groups, one for training, one for testing, cross validation.

Group	Design Name	#Macros	Macro Coverage	#Instances	#Nets	#Macro Placements
1	des perf a	4	50%	108666	110281	300
	fft a	6	65%	33641	32088	300
	matrix mult a	10	67%	154460	154284	296
	matrix mult c	10	67%	151247	151612	296
	superblue14	336	48%	633661	619697	299
	superblue19	280	60%	521805	511606	298
2	edit dist a	6	29%	129993	131134	300
	fft b	11	69%	33646	32088	300
	matrix mult b	10	67%	151247	151612	294
	pci bridge32 b	8	47%	29283	29417	299
	superblue11 a	1443	59%	954445	935613	284
	superblue16 a	419	48%	698367	680450	299

# Experiment: Setting

## ► Training:

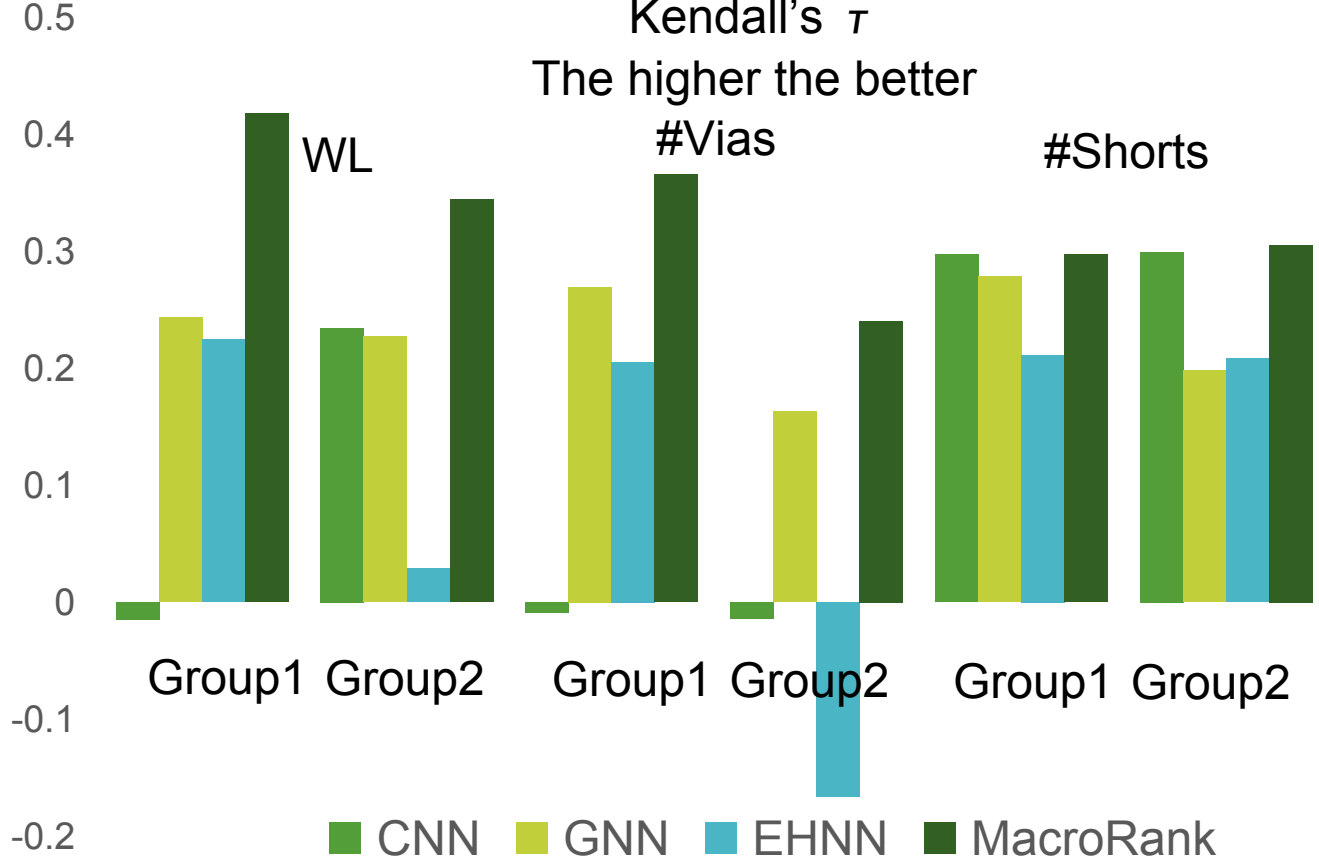
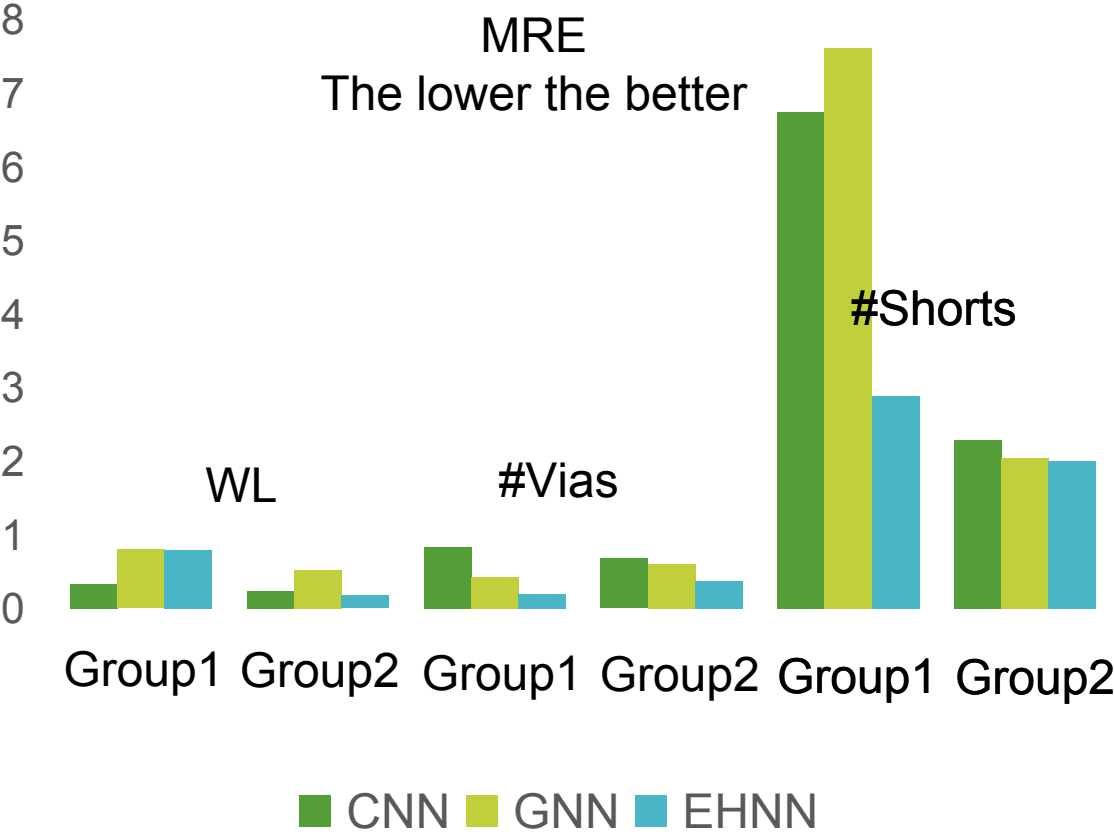
- Implemented by Pytorch Geometric.
- A Nvidia 2080Ti
- 400 epochs, ~6 hours

## ► Code Release:

- <https://github.com/PKU-IDEA/MacroRank>

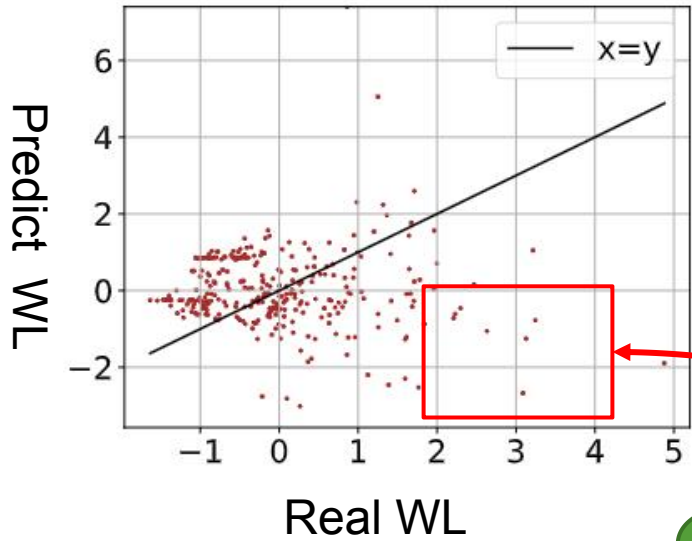
# Experiment: MRE and Kendall's $\tau$

- EHNN dominates GNN in all groups (MRE).
- MacroRank (=EHNN + LTR) achieves the best Kendall's  $\tau$  on all the groups, — 49.5% better than CNN.

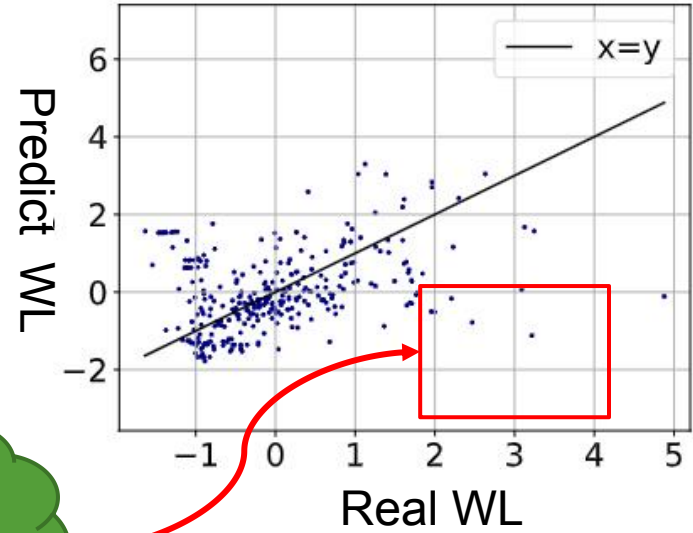


# Experiment: MRE and Kendall's $\tau$

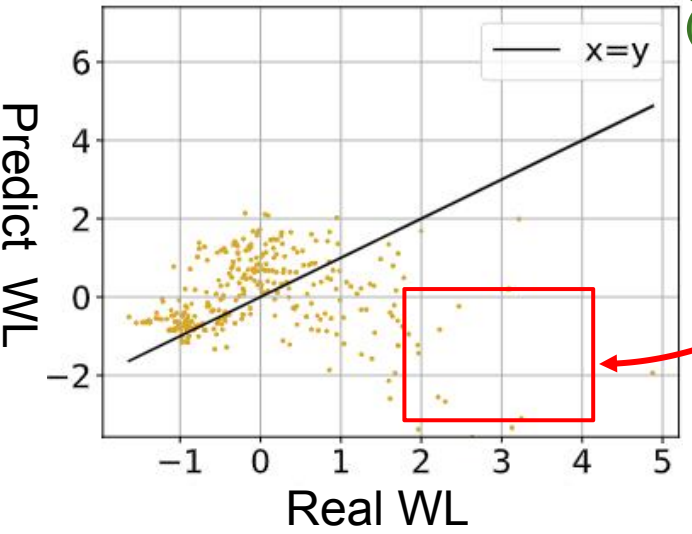
CNN



GNN



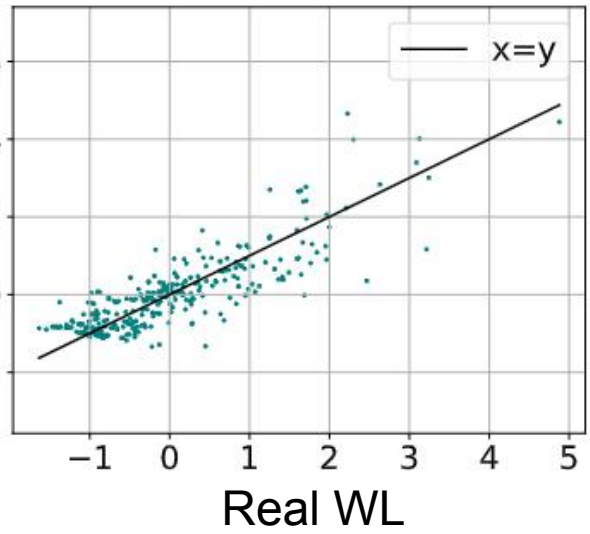
EHNN



Obvious error!

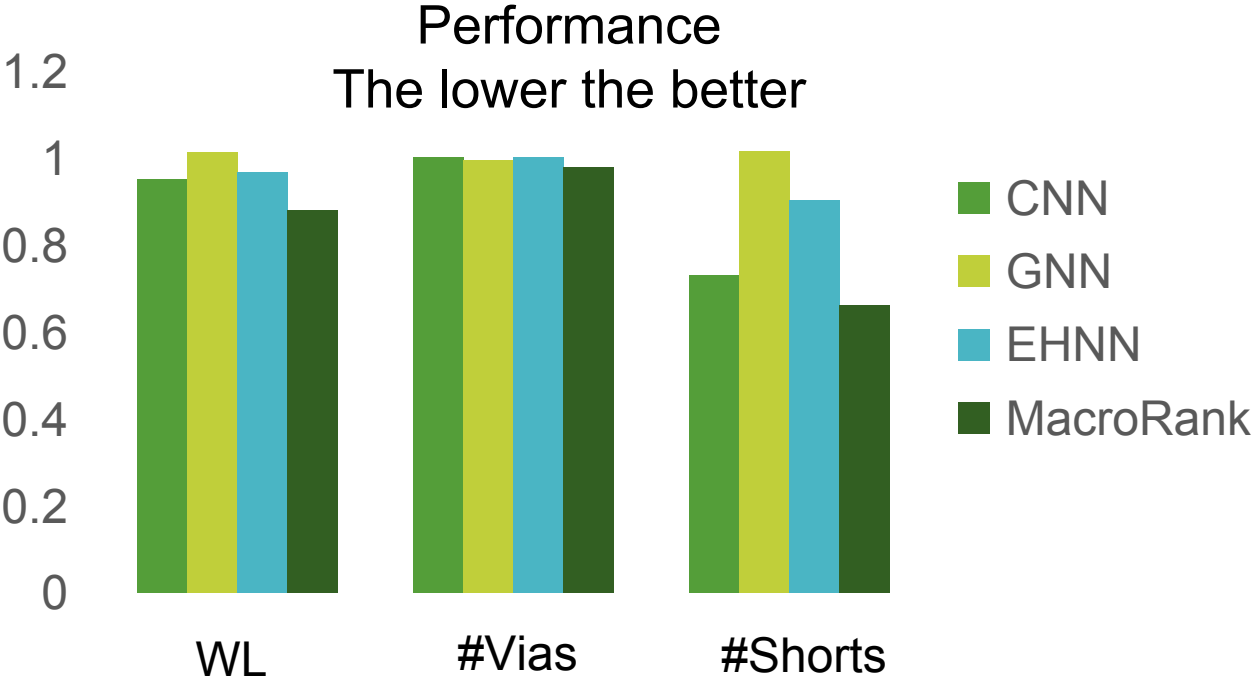
MacroRank = EHNN+LTR

Predict Score



# Experiment: Top 30 Prediction

	MEAN	CNN	GNN	EHNN	MacroRank
<b>WL</b>	1	0.951	1.015	0.968	<b><u>0.88</u></b>
<b>#Vias</b>	1	1.003	0.996	1.003	<b><u>0.98</u></b>
<b>#Shorts</b>	1	0.731	1.017	0.904	<b><u>0.661</u></b>





# Conclusion

- MacroRank: **translation equivariance** & **LTR**.
- Accurately predict the relative order of the quality of macro placement solutions.
- Improve the Kendall's  $\tau$  by **49.5%**
- Improve the average performance of top-30 prediction by **8.1%**, **2.3%**, and **10.6%** on wirelength, vias, and shorts, respectively.

➤ **Future Work**

- Integrate the model in macro placement algorithm.



**Thanks!**  
**Questions are welcome!**

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